

Foreign Trade ¹⁾		1995	2000	2004
	Unit			
Total exports	EUR mill.	64 414	100 988	114 323
Motor vehicles and parts	EUR mill.	12 942	25 061	27 110
Machinery	EUR mill.	16 428	23 648	26 537
Chemical products	EUR mill.	5 308	10 043	11 050
Medical, measuring, control, regulating and optical products	EUR mill.	3 727	5 863	6 690
Manufacture of equipment for electricity generation and distribution, etc.	EUR mill.	3 999	5 835	6 270
Textiles	EUR mill.	1 587	1 797	1 632
Ultimate destinations of exports				
U.S.A.	EUR mill.	6 318	15 068	13 595
EU 25	EUR mill.	36 093	56 508	66 464
– France	EUR mill.	7 638	10 659	11 777
– Great Britain	EUR mill.	4 622	6 949	8 068
– Italy	EUR mill.	4 946	7 530	8 748
– Austria	EUR mill.	3 655	5 445	6 077
Switzerland	EUR mill.	5 470	6 638	6 704
Japan	EUR mill.	2 211	3 461	2 654
People's Republic of China	EUR mill.	795	1 395	3 603
Total imports	EUR mill.	46 038	75 933	91 292
U.S.A.	EUR mill.	3 807	7 980	8 591
EU 25	EUR mill.	27 304	43 535	55 436

Direct Investment ²⁾		1995	2000	2004
	Unit			
In Baden-Württemberg from foreign countries	EUR bill.	16,6	27,4	39,1
– Netherlands	EUR bill.	4,5	6,9	8,8
– France	EUR bill.	1,7	2,5	6,5
– Switzerland	EUR bill.	4,4	6,1	6,3
– U.S.A.	EUR bill.	3,5	5,0	6,2
– Great Britain	EUR bill.	0,5	1,3	2,3
In foreign countries from Baden-Württemberg	EUR bill.	33,1	126,9	131,6
– U.S.A.	EUR bill.	10,3	78,3	67,9
– Great Britain	EUR bill.	3,1	7,9	10,6
– Netherlands	EUR bill.	2,7	3,7	5,6
– France	EUR bill.	2,8	4,7	5,3
– Switzerland	EUR bill.	1,8	3,2	3,3

Baden-Württemberg's Economic Ranking in Germany		1995	2000	2004
		Percentage (%) in proportion to Germany		
Area		10,0	10,0	10,0
Population		12,6	12,8	13,0
Employees		13,1	13,4	13,9
Industry		15,7	16,5	17,6
Self-employed		14,1	13,2	13,2
Gross domestic product (current prices)		14,1	14,5	14,7
General education school population		12,0	13,1	13,6
Vocational school population		14,0	13,9	14,2
Total college and university student population		12,2	10,9	12,2
Mathematics, natural sciences		14,9	12,4	14,2
Total personnel in research and development work in the industrial sector ¹⁾		23,3	22,8	23,4
Domestic applications for a patent		21,9	23,3	26,5
Local units, manufacturing		18,4	18,3	18,1
Employees, manufacturing		19,1	20,1	20,4
Machinery		26,3	27,3	28,3
Vehicle construction		22,2	24,7	25,7
Overnight stays		12,7	12,0	11,8
Exports ²⁾		16,8	16,9	15,6
Motor vehicles and parts		22,3	23,5	20,1
Machinery		26,3	27,1	25,9
Chemical products		10,4	13,2	11,7
Manufacture of equipment for electricity generation and distribution		19,1	18,7	17,4
Direct investment from foreign countries ³⁾		13,7	9,4	12,8
Direct investment in foreign countries ³⁾		16,8	21,8	19,8
		Key level figures (Germany = 100)		
Per capita gross domestic product (current prices)		112,0	113,4	113,1
Per capita disposable income		106,2	107,7	109,4 ⁴⁾
Per capita expenditure for science and research (state and communities)		122,0	109,3	114,5
Key industrial figures (manufacturing)				
Export rate		109,7	113,9	113,0
Wages and salaries per employed person		105,8	106,1	107,1

1) Proportional share in full-time employment; 2000: 1999, 2004: 2001; source: SV-Wissenschaftsstatistik GmbH. – 2) 2004: provisional results. – 3) Existing direct and indirect investment at the end of the year; 2004: 2003. – 4) 2003.

Baden-Württemberg's Largest Cities 2004

City	Population	Area	No. of employees in the manufacturing ¹⁾	
	1 000	km ²	1 000	per 1 000 inhabitants
Stuttgart	591	207	79	134
Mannheim	307	145	43	140
Karlsruhe	284	173	21	74
Freiburg	214	153	12	58
Heidelberg	143	109	11	75
Heilbronn	121	100	15	124
Ulm	120	119	20	171
Pforzheim	119	98	13	108
Reutlingen	112	87	15	138
Esslingen	92	46	21	228
Ludwigsburg	88	43	8	86
Tübingen	83	108	6	67

1) No. of employees as an annual average, establishments employing 20 or more persons, including mining and extraction of minerals.

Information and Addresses

Should you be interested in more detailed information regarding cooperation with Baden-Württemberg businesses and/or questions of industrial development, please contact one of the following addresses:

International economic cooperation

Wirtschaftsministerium
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Exportberatungsstelle Handwerk
Euro Info Centre
Handwerkskammer
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Heilbronner Straße 43
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Industrial development, corporate liaison

Wirtschaftsministerium
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Economic Facts and Figures Baden-Württemberg 2005

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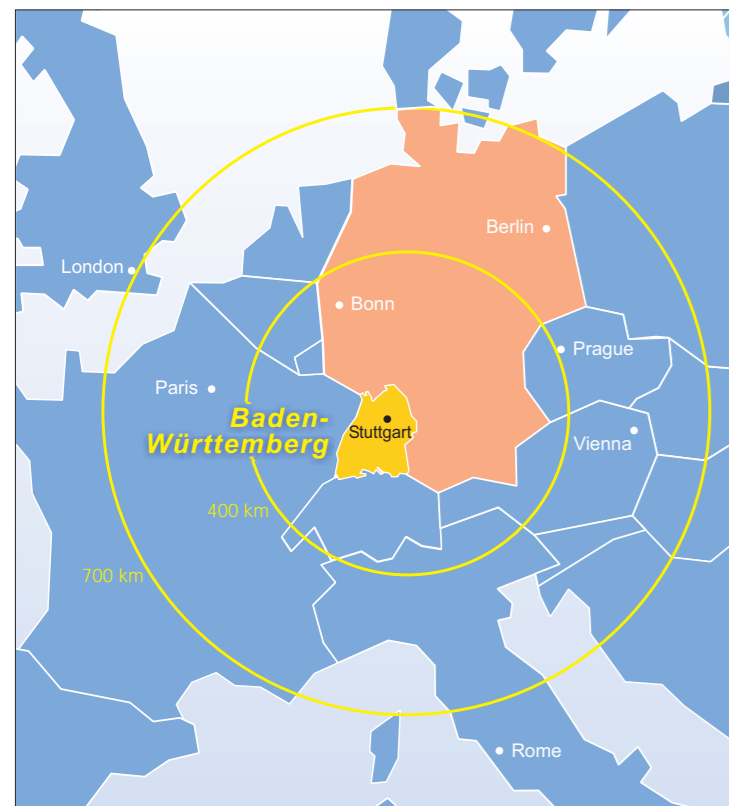


Statistisches
Landesamt
Baden-Württemberg



Baden-Württemberg

WIRTSCHAFTSMINISTERIUM



Since the creation of the Single European Market, Baden-Württemberg has enjoyed a more central position than ever. Germany's third largest Federal State can be reached from anywhere in Europe within the shortest possible time.

Baden-Württemberg's outstanding infrastructure not only ensures fast and convenient travel, but also permits the prompt, effective movement of goods over land, on water and in the air.

Creativity, innovation, research, development are the key concepts which characterize Baden-Württemberg. Its leading economic role as a thriving centre of export and industry is perhaps better understood against this unique background.

The stringent quality requirements existing here make this market an ideal testing ground for the whole of Germany and an optimum location for successful trade with markets around the globe.

Would you like further information? Addresses and telephone numbers are listed on the last page.

Area and Population

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Area	km ²	35 753	35 751	35 752
Inhabitants (at year end)	1 000	10 319	10 524	10 717
– per km ²	Number	289	294	300
Foreigners	1 000	1 348	1 284	1 282
Natural increase/decrease	Number	14 726	10 842	5 003
Net immigration/emigration (-)	Number	32 572	37 641	20 065

Employees

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Gainful employment rate ¹⁾	%	49,7	49,4	50,2
Self-employed (not including agriculture)	1 000	418	437	472
Foreigners	1 000	600	606	609
Distribution of employment in				
Agriculture and forestry	%	2,7	2,4	1,9
Industry	%	42,8	40,7	39,0
– Mining and manufacturing	%	34,8	33,2	32,4
– Construction	%	7,3	6,9	5,9
Commerce, gastronomy and transport	%	20,2	19,4	20,0
Other services	%	34,2	37,5	39,1
– Real estate and lets, services for companies	%	5,8	8,0	8,7
– Public and private services	%	18,0	19,5	20,5

Economic Strength

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Gross domestic product				
– in 1995 prices	EUR mill.	254 249	283 360	292 293
– per capita	EUR	24 696	27 006	27 300
– in current prices	EUR mill.	254 249	293 993	319 434
– per capita	EUR	24 696	28 019	29 835

Distribution of gross value added (current prices)

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Agriculture and forestry; fishing	%	1,1	1,0	0,8
Industry, excluding construction	%	33,1	33,7	33,5
– Manufacturing	%	31,0	32,2	32,0
– Electricity, gas and water supply	%	1,8	1,4	1,4
Construction	%	5,7	5,1	4,1
Commerce, gastronomy and transport	%	15,3	15,1	15,6
Financial intermediation; real estate; renting and business activities	%	26,7	27,7	28,4
Other services activities (public administration and defence, social and personal service activities, etc.)	%	18,2	17,5	17,5

Labor Market

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Unemployed	1 000	328	281	340
Job vacancies	1 000	45	85	41
Employees on short hours	1 000	25	8	24
Unemployment rate	%	6,6	5,4	6,2

1) Ratio between gainfully employed and total population.

Education

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Total school pupil population	1 000	1 552	1 678	1 713
General education schools ¹⁾	1 000	1 200	1 292	1 313
– Primary and general-curriculum schools	1 000	668	689	656
– General-curriculum secondary schools	1 000	200	230	248
– College-curriculum secondary schools	1 000	257	293	321
– Comprehensive schools/Rudolf Steiner schools	1 000	23	25	27
Vocational schools	1 000	355	386	407

Total college and university student population

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Foreign students	1 000	20	26	36
Law, economic and social sciences	1 000	64	59	66
Mathematics, natural sciences	1 000	43	37	48
Engineering sciences	1 000	44	35	44

Vocational Training

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Total trainees (apprentices)	1 000	187	206	197
Industry and commerce	1 000	93	114	112
Trades	1 000	61	62	56
Agriculture	1 000	4	4	4
Civil service	1 000	7	7	6
Liberal professions	1 000	20	19	18
Home economics	1 000	1	2	2
Total new apprenticeship contracts	1 000	69	78	74
Industry and commerce	1 000	33	43	41
Trades	1 000	24	24	22
Agriculture	1 000	2	1	2
Civil service	1 000	2	2	2
Liberal professions	1 000	7	7	6
Home economics	1 000	1	1	1

Science and Research

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
State expenditures (incl. communities)	EUR mill.	2 528	2 692	2 977
Total college and university personnel	1 000	32	33	35
Natural and engineering sciences	1 000	13	13	13
Total personnel in research and development work in the industrial sector ²⁾	1 000	66	70	72
Domestic applications for a patent	Number	8 411	12 486	12 856
Engineer density ³⁾	%	3,0	3,4	3,7

1) Including adult education. – 2) Proportional share in full-time employment; 2000: 1999, 2004: 2001; Source: SV-Wissenschaftsstatistik GmbH. – 3) Ratio between engineers and scientists and total work force.

Industry (manufacturing)

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Local units	Number	8 550	8 675	8 418
Employees	1 000	1 260	1 255	1 208
Turnover (excl. of value added tax)	EUR mill.	178 256	235 933	250 745
Foreign turnover	EUR mill.	56 411	98 320	113 031
Export rate ¹⁾	%	31,6	41,7	45,1
Wages and salaries	EUR mill.	41 626	46 133	48 613
Hours worked	mill.	1 212	1 166	1 842
Industrial density (employees per 1 000 inhabitants)	Number	122	119	113
Industrial skilled worker rate ²⁾	%	51,8	48,0	51,8

Industrial Structure (Percentage in proportion to the employees in manufacturing)

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Machinery	%	21,8	21,3	22,2
Vehicle construction	%	15,4	18,0	20,1
Manufacture of metal products	%	8,9	9,7	9,8
Manufacture of equipment for electricity generation and distribution	%	7,6	7,4	7,3
Paper, publishing and printing industry	%	6,4	6,5	5,9
Medical, measuring and controlling technology, optics	%	5,3	5,3	5,7
Food industry and tobacco processing	%	4,9	5,1	5,1
Chemical industry	%	4,8	4,8	4,8
Manufacture of synthetic products	%	4,2	4,1	3,9
Radio, television and communication engineering	%	3,2	3,1	2,8
Textile and garment industry	%	4,4	3,3	2,6

Airport Stuttgart

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Passengers	1 000	5 041	7 978	8 651
Airfreight	Tons	13 772	19 487	17 301
Airmail	Tons	17 012	15 230	8 626

1) Ratio between foreign turnover and total turnover. – 2) Ratio between skilled workers and employed persons.

Craft

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Local units ¹⁾	Number	.	.	83 145
Employees	1 000	.	.	540
Turnover (excl. of value added tax)	EUR mill.	.	.	55 452
Craft density (employees per 1 000 inhabitants)	Number	.	.	50

Primary Construction Industry and Construction Activity²⁾

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Local units (June)	Number	8 134	8 196	7 341
Employees (June)	1 000	147	117	90
Turnover (excl. of value added tax)	EUR mill.	12 282	11 366	8 990
Hours worked	mill.	175	141	104
Housing	%	47,9	47,5	47,1
Economic construction	%	26,3	25,1	25,5
Road and public construction	%	25,9	27,4	27,4
Existing residential buildings	1 000	2 042	2 165	2 243
Existing residential units	1 000	4 403	4 707	4 845

Tourism

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Establishments	Number	7 262	7 209	6 794
Guest beds	1 000	377	409	368
Overnight stays	1 000	41 393	41 827	40 023
Foreign guests	1 000	5 031	5 690	6 298

Purchasing Power

	Unit	1995	2000	2004
Private households	1 000	4 702	4 744	4 891
One-person households	1 000	1 750	1 714	1 770
Multi-person households	1 000	2 951	3 030	3 121
Disposable private-household income	EUR mill.	152 999	180 357	196 660 ³⁾
– per capita	EUR	14 861	17 189	18 417 ³⁾
Wages and salaries				
Yearly gross salaries, blue-collar				
– Manufacturing	EUR	28 029	32 824	34 488
– Construction industry	EUR	26 442	30 074	30 497
Yearly gross salaries, white-collar				
– Manufacturing	EUR	41 343	48 227	53 597
– Construction industry	EUR	38 999	42 294	45 618
– Commerce	EUR	28 696	31 494	38 240
– Credit and insurances	EUR	35 161	40 503	43 915

1) Figures taken from statistics provided by the registers of craftsmen. – 2) 2004: to the "classification of economic sectors" 2003 (WZ 2003). – 3) 2003.